in an amount in excess of an amount specified by the department by rule under s. 144.31 (1) (r).

SECTION 11. 144.30 (17m), (18m) and (19) of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 12. 144.30 (19e) of the statutes is created to read:

144.30 (19e) "Minor source" means a stationary source that is not a major source.

SECTION 13. 144.30 (19m) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 14. 144.30 (20) of the statutes is amended to read:

144.30 (20) "Modification" means any changes in the physical size or physical change in, or change in the method of operation of, a stationary source which that increases the potential amount of emissions of an air contaminant or which that results in the emission of an air contaminant not previously emitted or which results in the violation of an ambient air increment. In determining if a change in the physical size or method of operation of an attainment area major source is a modification, an increase in the potential amount of emissions of an air contaminant occurs only if there is an increase in the net amount of emissions of the air contaminant, subject to rules promulgated under s. 144.31 (1) (s).

SECTION 15. 144.30 (20e) and (20s) of the statutes are created to read:

144.30 (20e) "Modified source" means a stationary source on which modification commences after the effective date of this subsection [revisor inserts date].

(20s) "New source" means a stationary source on which construction, reconstruction or replacement commences after the effective date of this subsection [revisor inserts date].

SECTION 16. 144.30 (22) and (22m) of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 17. 144.30 (22rm) of the statutes is created to read:

144.30 (22rm) "Regulated pollutant" means any of the following, except for carbon monoxide:

- (a) A volatile organic compound.
- (b) An oxide of nitrogen.
- (c) A pollutant regulated under 42 USC 7411 or 7412.
- (d) A pollutant for which a national primary ambient air quality standard has been promulgated under 42 USC 7409.

SECTION 18. 144.30 (23) of the statutes is amended to read:

144.30 (23) "Stationary source" means an air contaminant source which any facility, building, structure or installation that directly or indirectly is capable of emitting emits or may emit an air contaminant only from a fixed location. A stationary source includes an air contaminant source which that is capable of being

SECTION 5. 144.30 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

144.30 (2) "Air contaminant source", or "source" if not otherwise modified, means any facility, building, structure, installation, equipment, vehicle or action which that emits or may emit or result in the emission of an air contaminant directly, indirectly or in combination with another facility, building, structure, installation, equipment, vehicle or action.

SECTION 6. 144.30 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

144.30 (8) "Base line concentration" means concentration in the atmosphere of an air contaminant which exists in an area at the time of the first application to the U.S. environmental protection agency for a prevention of significant deterioration permit under section 165 of the federal clean air act 42 USC 7475 or the first application for an attainment area major source air pollution control permit under s. 144.391 (2) for a major source located in an attainment area, whichever occurs first, less any contribution from stationary sources identified in section 169 (4) of the federal clean air act 42 USC 7479 (4).

SECTION 7. 144.30 (9m), (9p) and (9r) of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 8. 144.30 (13) of the statutes is created to read:

144.30 (13) "Existing source" means a stationary source that is not a new source or a modified source.

SECTION 9. 144.30 (14) of the statutes is amended to read:

144.30 (14) "Federal clean air act" means the federal clean air act, as amended, on July 29, 1979 (42 USC 7401 et seq.) to 7671q, and regulations issued by the federal environmental protection agency under that act.

SECTION 10. 144.30 (16) of the statutes is created to read:

144.30 (16) "Major source" means a stationary source that is capable of emitting an air contaminant

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transported to a different location. A stationary source may consist of one or more pieces of process equipment, each of which is capable of emitting an air contaminant. A stationary source does not include a motor vehicle or equipment which is capable of emitting an air contaminant while moving.